9 WOULD YOU LIKE DESSERT?

OBJECTIVES

FUNCTIONS: talking about food and eating habits; talking about obligation; asking nicely and offering; offering and asking for help

GRAMMAR: must / mustn't; can (asking for permission); I'd like ... / Would you like ...?

VOCABULARY: food and drink; meals













READING

- 1 Look at the photos. Where can you see the words in the list? Write 1-8 in the boxes.
 - 1 a carrot cake | 2 a chef
 - 3 a plate | 4 cooking
 - 5 an omelette | 6 tomato soup
 - 7 some salad | 8 steak
- SPEAKING What other food words do you know?
 - pizza, apples, hamburgers, ...
- 3 SPEAKING Tell your partner what food you like and don't like.
 - I like ... I don't like ...

- 4 Look at the photos on page 85. What is unusual about the chefs? Read and check.
- 5 Read and listen to the article. Mark the sentences T (true), F (false) or DS (doesn't say).
 - O Harry is ten years old and he's from New York.
 - 1 He wants to be a star chef.
 - 2 His sister likes cooking too, but she's not very good.
 - 3 The other children on the TV show aren't very good cooks.
 - 4 Children must be ten years old to be on Star Junior Chefs.
 - 5 The chefs' hands must be clean.
 - 6 It's OK for the children to eat the food they are cooking.
 - 7 After the TV show Harry goes home to study.

Young kitchen stars

Harry doesn't want to be a star chef when he's 20. He wants to be one now. This is why he's on the *Star Junior Chefs* TV programme.

The ten-year-old New Yorker likes cooking. He can make fantastic soups and salads, excellent omelettes and the best cakes. But there are many other children on the show, too. And they are all very good.

More and more young people are interested in cooking. Many of them learn it from their parents. Others watch special cooking videos for children on YouTube[©]. In many cities, there are special cooking classes for young people. Some of them are for children from the age of three!



But what must you do to become a star chef? Of course, it's important that you like cooking and are really good at it. But there are some rules. You must be nine years old or more to be on *Star Junior Chefs*. 'We must wash our hands before we start cooking,' Harry says. 'And of course we mustn't put them in our mouths. A chef doesn't do that! And we must be very careful with hot plates.'

The show starts. Harry is excited. He knows he's an excellent cook. This time he makes tomato soup, some salad, steak and carrot cake. The experts in the studio love Harry's food, and he stays on the show.

It's 5 pm. The show is over. Harry is happy, and a little tired. He goes home. It's time to do his homework.







THINK VALUES I

How you eat is important

- 1 SPEAKING How often do you do these things? Write always, sometimes, often or never. Then tell the class.
 - a sit at a table to eat
 - **b** eat alone
 - c eat slowly
 - d eat very fast
 - e eat with other people
 - f eat and play computer games at the same time

I always eat slowly. I sometimes eat with other people.

- Look again at the things in Exercise 1.
 Are they good things to do? Write
 1-3 in the boxes: 1 = a good thing to do, 2 = an OK thing to do, 3 = a bad thing to do.
- 3 SPEAKING Compare your ideas with a partner.

I often eat ...

I think ... is good.

I think ... is not so good.

GRAMMAR

must / mustn't

- 1 Complete the sentences from the article on page 85 with must or mustn't. Then complete the rule.
 - 1 You be nine years old or more to be on Star Junior Chefs.
 - wash our hands before we start 2 We cooking.
 - put them in our mouths. 3 We

RULE: We use *must* and *mustn't* to talk about rules.

Use 1 to say that it's necessary to do something.

Use 2 to say that it's not OK to do something.

Complete the dialogues. Use must or mustn't and a verb from the list.

buy | eat | forget | give

- 0 A Hey, can I borrow this book?
 - B Sure, but you <u>must give</u> it back next week.
- 1 A Mum, can I have some chocolate?
 - B Of course not! You know you. chocolate before lunch.
- 2 A It's Julia's birthday next week.
 - B That's right. We _____ _ to buy her a present.
- 3 A Oh, no. There isn't any milk.
 - B | some after work.
- **SPEAKING** Work in pairs. Think of some things that are important for you to do (or not do) in the next few days.

I must write an email to my friend Mark.

I mustn't forget to clean my room.











0 chicken

2

3

Fruit









Vegetables









10

11

Drinks









12

13

14

15

VOCABULARY

Food and drink

- Write the names of the food and drink under the photos. Listen and check.
- **SPEAKING** Which word in each group is different? Why?
 - 1 coffee potato tea
 - 2 banana orange burger
 - 3 carrot chicken beef
 - 4 milk strawberry apple
 - 5 pepper potato lamb

Number 1 is potato – coffee and tea are drinks.

SPEAKING Look at the food words in Exercise 1. Work in pairs. Ask and answer questions to find three things you both like.

Do you like tomatoes?

Yes, I love them. And you?

I like them. Do you like ...?

Workbook page 85

LISTENING

- 1 Look at the picture. What's happening?
- 2 D2.23 Listen to the dialogue. What is George cooking? Does he eat it?
- 3 Listen again. Put the sentences in the order you hear them. Write 1–6 in the boxes.

	a	Can I clean the kitchen later?	
1	Ь	Can I make an omelette?	
	c	Can I come into the kitchen now?	
	d	I must be quick now.	
	e	Would you like some help?	

Can I go to the pizza place?

GRAMMAR

can (asking for permission)

- 1 Match these answers to the questions in Listening Exercise 3. Then read the rule.
 - OK, but don't forget to do it.
 Yes, you can.
 No, wait, Mum.

RULE: We use *can* + subject to ask if it's OK to do something.

2 Complete the questions with can and a verb from the list. Listen and check.

do	eat g	o out play	/ try on use
0	<u>Can</u> please?	1 <u>do</u>	my homework later,
1		_1	these jeans, please?
2	0	_1	your laptop, please?
3	Dad,	[_	tonight?
4	3	_ we	football in the
	garden?		
5	·	_ we	dinner in front of
	the TV?		

3 Match the answers with the questions in Exercise 2.

o a No, you can't. Do it now.

L	b	Of course you can. But be careful.
	c	No you can't, you've got school
		tomorrow.
	d	Sorry, I need it to write some emails.
	e	Yes, the changing room is over there
	f	Well, OK, it's your birthday.

Workbook page 82



THINK SELF-ESTEEM I

You are what you eat

1 Think about what is true for you. Circle 1-5: 1 = certainly true, 5 = certainly not true.

1	I often eat between meals.	1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5
2	I always eat breakfast.	1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5
3	I eat fruit and vegetables every day.	1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5
4	I drink lots of water.	1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5
5	I eat lots of sweets.	1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5
6	I brush my teeth after every meal.	1 - 2 - 3 - 4 - 5

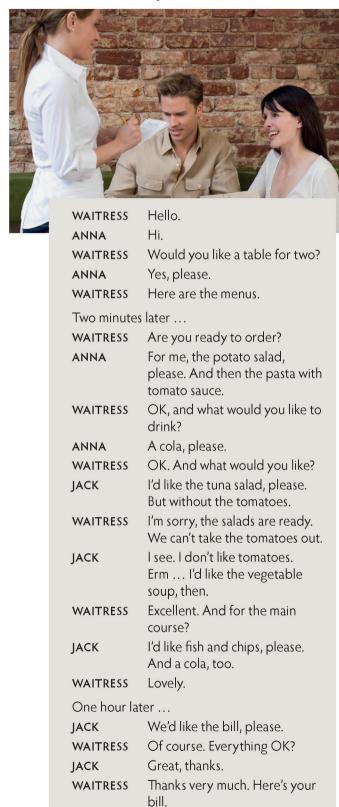
2 SPEAKING Compare your answers with a partner.

I often eat between meals.

I eat fruit every day.

READING

- 1 Read the menu. What would you choose to eat?
- 2 \(\mathbb{\text{\gamma}} \) Read and listen to the dialogue. What doesn't Jack like?



3 Read the dialogue again. What does Anna eat? What does Jack eat?

Thank you.



4 Who says these things in a restaurant? Write W (waiter/ waitress) or C (customer) in the boxes.

0	Can I help you?	W
1	A table for two, please.	
2	Here are the menus.	
3	Are you ready to order?	
4	What would you like to drink?	
5	I'd like the vegetable soup, then.	
6	Can we have the bill, please?	
7	Would you like dessert?	

ANNA

GRAMMAR

I'd like ... / Would you like ...?

1 Complete these sentences from the dialogue on page 88. Then complete the rule.

1 Would you _____ a table for two?

2 _____ like the vegetable soup, then.

3 What _____ you like to drink?

4 _____like the bill, please.

RULE: We use I + would ('d) + 1_____ to ask for something in a nice way. We use Would + you + 2_____ ? to offer something.

- 2 How do you say I'd like ... and Would you like ...? in your language?
- Put the words in the correct order to make sentences or questions.
 - 0 like / a / l'd / please / banana .
 l'd like a banana, please.
 - 1 like / some / you / would / coffee?
 - 2 like / fish / I'd / and / please / chips,
 - 3 you/what/to/would/like/eat?
 - 4 to/we'd/like/here/sit.
 - 5 would / this afternoon / what / you / like / to / do?
- 4 Complete what the people are saying.



5 SPEAKING Work in groups. One of you is the waiter at Zoe's café, the others order food and drinks. Act out the situation.

Workbook page 83

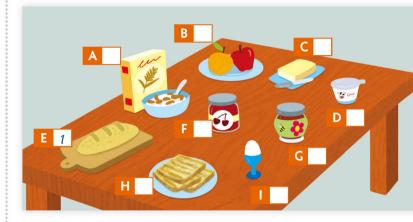
Pronunciation

Intonation – giving two choices Go to page 121.

VOCABULARY

Meals

- 1 N2.28 Match the words in the list to the items in the picture. Write 1–9 in the boxes. Listen and check.
 - 1 bread | 2 butter | 3 cereal | 4 egg | 5 fruit
 - 6 honey | 7 jam | 8 toast | 9 yoghurt



SPEAKING Copy the table into your notebook and complete it. Then tell the class.

	always	often	sometimes	never
breakfast				
lunch				
dinner				

For breakfast I always drink ...

I never have (any) ... for lunch.

Workbook page 85

WRITING

A meal plan for your friend

- 1 Ask a partner to give you his/her table from Vocabulary Exercise 2. Imagine he/she is staying at your home for the weekend. You want to make meals that he/she likes. Write a menu for him/her.
- 2 Show your ideas to your partner. Is he/she happy with the meals?

Saturday	Sunday	•••
Breakfast:	Breakfast:	
Lunch:	Lunch:	
Dinner:	Dinner:	

PHOTOSTORY: episode 5



Look at the photos and answer the questions.

Who can you see in the photos? Where are they and what are they doing?

2 📢 Now read and listen to the photostory. What does Ruby hate?





DAD Do you want some help, Tom?

TOM No, I'm OK, thanks. OK, first we need to add the tomato sauce.

DAN Can I cut the peppers for you?

TOM OK.

DAD Just be careful with the knife.





DAD It's only cheese.

DAN The thing is, Ruby hates cheese.

DAD She hates cheese? Oh, dear.

TOM Now what?

DAD We can't make another one. We haven't got time.

TOM What can we do?

DEVELOPING SPEAKING

- - 1 Who does Tom's dad call?
 - 2 Why are the boys surprised?

	a	The man from Andy's Chicken House arrives
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- **b** The girls eat the pizza.
- c They all wait in the hall.
- 1 d Tom's dad calls Andy's Chicken House.
 - e The girls arrive.
- f The girls say hello to Tom's dad.

PHRASES FOR FLUENCY

- 1 Find the expressions 1–4 in the story. Who says them?
 - 1 Of course.
 - 2 be careful ...
 - 3 a bit (of) ...
 - 4 The thing is, ...
- 2 How do you say the expressions in Exercise 1 in your language?
- 3 Put the sentences in the correct order to make a dialogue.

GREG	Well, the thing is, I want to cook some
	Italian food.

- GREG Do you like Italian food?
 That's right. I don't know how to cook very
- well.

 NADIA Oh. And you need a bit of help.
- NADIA Of course. I love spaghetti and stuff. Why?

 NADIA OK. You can use my mum's cookbook. But be careful! She loves that book!
- 4 Complete the dialogues with the expressions from Exercise 1.
 - 1 A Let's go to the cinema tonight.
 - B No thanks. I've got <u>a bit of</u> work to do.
 - A Really? On Saturday?
 - B No, not really. I'm sorry. ______, I haven't got any money.
 - 2 A Can I look at your new phone?
 - B ______. Here it is.
 - A Oh, it's really nice!
 - B Thanks, I love it. Oh, _____ ! Don't break it!

FUNCTIONS

Offering and asking for help

- 1 Look at the photostory again. Who says these expressions?
 - 1 Can I cut the peppers for you?
 - 2 Do you want some help?

d No, I'm OK, thanks.

- 2 Match the possible answers to questions 1 and 2 in Exercise 1.
 - a OK.
 b Yes, please.
 c Sure, thanks.
- Work in pairs. Write a short dialogue for each picture. Use expressions from Exercises 1 and 2.





4 SPEAKING Act out your dialogues.